3. *Applications for passports.*—

All Passport Issuing Authorities in India will arrange to make passport application forms available to the public as widely as possible and to notify to the general public the places at which such forms will be available. There will be two types of application forms, one for adults and other for minors below the age of 15 requiring separate passports. These forms will be supplied free of cost to *bona fide* applicants.

4. *General provisions regarding issue of passports.*—

(1) All adults, including husband and wife, must take separate India-Pakistan passports. In an International Form Passport, however, husband and wife may be included in the same passport.

(2) Children below 15 years of age may be included in the passport of either parent if travelling with the parent.

(3) Children above 15 years of age and children not travelling with either parent will require separate passports.

(4) The fee for an India-Pakistan Passport will be Rs. 3. The holder of an India-Pakistan (East Zone) passport may have the same passport renewed or obtain a fresh one on payment of a fee of Rs. 3. The holder of an India-Pakistan passport may have it renewed for one year at a time, subject to a maximum of five years from date of issue, on payment of a fee of Re. 1 for each renewal.

(5) A State Government in India may issue a passport to any citizen of India. Passport issuing authorities other than State Governments may issue passports only to persons resident within their jurisdiction.

(6) Application for a passport may either be made personally or by post or through an agent. The fee must be paid in cash or in crossed postal order. In cases in which the application and fee are tendered personally a receipt for the same should be obtained from the office of the passport issuing authority.

5 *Issue of Pakistan Visas to Indian nationals.*—

(1) Under the Government of Pakistan's Passport Scheme, Indian nationals will be eligible to visas of Categories 'A' to 'F' and Transit Visas similar to those described in Part I above. Indian nationals will similarly be entitled under the Pakistan Scheme to exemptions similar to those mentioned in paragraphs 5 and 6 of Part I above.

(2) Pakistan Visa Application will be available from Pakistan diplomatic missions at Delhi, Jullunder and Calcutta at 2 As. (Pak) per copy. The Government of India are considering the possibility of making these forms available at other places.

6. *Indian Nationals in Pakistan on 15th October 1952.*—

(1) Those who are in West Pakistan on the strength of valid Pakistan permits will be issued Permanent Return Permits for India by the Indian diplomatic missions at Karachi and Lahore up to and including the 14th January 1953.

2. Indian Nationals in East Pakistan will be issued repatriation certificates during the period up to and including 14th January 1953. Application forms for repatriation certificates will be available free of cost at the office of the Deputy High Commissioner for India at Dacca. The fee for issue of a repatriation certificate will be As 8 (Pak). The Members of the family of the applicant may be included in a single repatriation certificate. Two copies of the passport size photograph of each person to be included in the repatriation certificate should be submitted along with the application. The repatriation certificate is to be surrendered to the Indian check-post at point of entry into India.

(3) Indian nationals who are in either wing of Pakistan on the 15th October 1952 and who, by reason of their employment or otherwise, do not expect to be able to return to India by the 14th January 1953, should apply immediately to the nearest Indian diplomatic mission in Pakistan for a passport. Application forms will be available at each such mission and will be supplied free of cost on request. The application should be submitted in duplicate together with three copies of the passport size photograph of the applicant and the requisite fee of Rs. 3 (Indian).

7. *Special Provisions for certain categories.*—

(1) Abducted woman and children recovered in Pakistan, who are to be restored to their relatives in India and who are travelling to India under official arrangements made by an Indian diplomatic mission in Pakistan will not be required to be in possession of either a passport or a visa for entry into India.

(2) Guides, witnesses and relatives who have to visit Pakistan in connection with the recovery of abducted persons in Pakistan will not require to take out Indian Passports. They will instead be issued, by such authorities or officers as may be specified by the Government of India, "Emergency Certificates" valid for two months only. Such certificates will be issued free of cost on receipt of an application and two copies of the passport-size photograph of the applicant. It has been agreed between the Governments of India and Pakistan that visas will be issued on such Emergency Certificates specifying the place to be visited and indicating that the Superintendent of Police in charge of recovery operations in the country visited may allow the holder to visit any other place or places in connection with the recovery of an abducted person or in order to give evidence before a Tribunal or a court of law, provided that during such journeys he is accompanied by an escort of police.

(3) *Members of a minority community in Pakistan wishing to migrate to India.*—A member of a minority community in Pakistan who wishes to migrate to India may apply to an Indian diplomatic mission in Pakistan for permission to do so. In case the Government of India agree to such migration, the diplomatic mission concerned will issue to the evacuee an Emergency Certificate which will enable him to enter India without being in possession of a passport or a visa. The Emergency Certificate will be, surrendered to the Indian check-post at the place of entry.

Dated 19th September 1952.

No. Ch.S. 8571—Misc. 74-52-1. His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore has decided that the Order of Precedence appended to this Notification shall be observed at all State functions in the Mysore State.

2. The Order of Precedence is compiled in two parts, the first part being confined to officials and others who are usually classed with officials, and the second part consisting of retired officers who are treated as non-officials and other non-official gentlemen.

3. This supersedes all previous orders issued on the subject.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. PUTTARANGASWAMY,
Chief Secretary.

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Mysore Warrant of Precedence.

PART I.

Sl. No.

1 His Highness the Rajpramukh.
2 The Chief Minister.
3 The Chief Justice.
The Speaker, Mysore Legislative Assembly.
The Chairman, Mysore Legislative Council.
4 Ministers.
5 Puisne Judges of High Court.
6 The Chairman, State Public Service Commission.
7 The Deputy Chairman, Mysore Legislative Council.
The Deputy Speaker, Mysore Legislative Assembly.
8 Members of Parliament.
9 Members of State Legislature.
10 The Mayor, Corporation of the City of Bangalore.
11 The President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.
12 Heads of Major Departments.
Secretaries to Government.
Deputy Commissioners.

*All other officers of all Departments placed in grade pay commencing from Rs. 800 per mensem.

PART II.

1 Retired Dewans and ex-Chief Ministers.
2 Ex-Chief Justices.
Ex-Speakers, Mysore Legislative Assembly.
Ex-Chairman, Mysore Legislative Council.

Vide next page.

Sl. No.	
3	Ex-Ministers.
4	Ex-Puisne Judges of High Court.
5	Ex-Chairman, State Public Service Commission.
6	Ex-Deputy Chairman, Legislative Council. Ex-Deputy Speaker, Legislative Assembly.
7	Ex-Members of Parliament.
8	Ex-Members of the State Legislature.
9	Ex-Mayor, Corporation of the City of Bangalore.
10	Ex-President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.
11	Ex-Secretaries to Government.
	*Ex-Heads of Departments.
	All other retired officers of all Departments who were placed in a grade pay commencing from Rs. 800.
*1	Chief Engineer of Mysore.
2	Chief Electrical Engineer.
3	Chief Conservator of Forests.
4	Commissioner of Labour.
5	Commissioner for Local Self-Government.
6	Controller of State Accounts.
7	Director of Public Instruction.
8	Director of Public Health.
9	Director of Industries and Commerce and Commissioner of Economic Development and Planning.
10	Director of Food Supplies.
11	Director of Anti-Corruption and Efficiency Audit.
12	Director of Agriculture.
13	Director of Geology.
14	Director of Animal Husbandry Services.
15	Director, Mysore Iron and Steel Works.
16	Deputy Director of Public Health.
17	Deputy Inspectors-General of Police.
18	District Judges.
19	Excise Commissioner.
20	General Manager, Mysore Government Road Transport Department.
21	General Superintendent of Generation, Sivasamudram.
22	Huzur Secretary to His Highness.
23	Inspector-General of Police.
24	Joint Director of Agriculture.
25	Members, State Public Service Commission.
26	Municipal Commissioner, Corporation of the City of Bangalore.
27	Municipal Commissioner, Mysore.
28	Principal, Government Flying Training School.
29	Principal, Law College.
30	Private Secretary to His Highness.
31	Professors of the University (First Class) in grade Rs. 850–50–1,000.
32	Revenue Commissioner.
33	Registrar of Co-operative Societies.
34	Senior Surgeon.
35	Secretary, Mysore Government Insurance Department.
36	Secretary, Mysore Legislature.
37	Superintending Engineers.
38	Superintendent, Survey, Settlement and Land Records.
39	Vice-Chancellor, University of Mysore.
40	Vice-Chairman, Mysore Iron and Steel Works.

Note.—When there arises a question as to one's proper position at State functions, it may be referred to the Chief Secretary to Government.

HOME AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Dated 15th September 1952.

No. 7069—R.M. 5-52-9. Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No. R. 14-25—L.R. 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925, as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L.R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of the undermentioned tanks in Krishnarajanagar Taluk, are declared entitled to remission of half the wet assessment during the years 1950-51 and 1951-52.

Sl. No.	Name of Tank	Name of the Village
1	Haradanahalli Urumundinakere.	Haradanahalli
2	Hebsur Urumundinakere ...	Hebsur
3	Seegavalu Urumundinakere ...	Seegavalu

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

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Dated 15th September 1952.

No. R. 7076—R.M. 3-52-30. Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No. R. 14-25—L.R. 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925 as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L.R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of 395 tanks, as detailed in the appended list in Bagepalli Taluk are declared entitled to remission of one half and suspension of the other half of wet assessment during the year 1951-52.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

G. N. NAGARAJA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
Home and Revenue Departments.

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List of 395 tanks entitled to wet remission in Bagepalli Taluk for the year 1951-52

	Name of the Tank.	Name of Village.
	1. Kasaba Circle.	
1	Mangasandra tank ...	Mangasandra, Pargodu
2	Puluvaripalli tank ...	Poolayaripalli
3	Pargodu tank ...	Pargodu, Hosakote
4	Peddaganukunte ...	Parugodu
5	Mylappanakunte ...	Do
6	Oorumundinakere ...	Chantamvaripalli
7	Poojarivandlakunte ...	Yetigaddapalli
8	Thippareddikunte ...	Narepalli
9	Oorumundinakere ...	Kondireddipalli
10	Yerrakunte ...	Do
11	Kotha Allikunte ...	Do
12	Dasavandakere ...	Patha Bagepalli
13	Do ...	C. Gundlapalli
14	Kanagalakunte ...	Patha Bagepalli
15	Mallasandrada Rajavanikere	Mallasandra
	Do do ...	Devaragudipalli
	Do do ...	Kondamvaripalli
16	Reddikere ...	Vadigerevaripalli, Bagepalli
17	Ramakrishnakere ...	Devaragudipalli, Gandlapalli
18	Kelaginakunte ...	Hosahudya
19	Melinakere ...	Do
20	Melinakunte ...	Do
21	Kelaginakere ...	Do
22	Gownikere ...	Gownipalli
23	Palakarakanakunte ...	Yegavabandlakere
24	Rallakunte ...	Diguvabandalakere
25	Nimmalapallikere ...	Puttaparthi
26	Narayanareddikunte ...	Abakavaripalli
27	Dasarlavoddukere ...	Krishnapura
28	Gadidamkunte ...	Bagapalli
29	Kodakunte ...	Do
30	Voddu (Yerakalve) ...	Do
31	Chitravathinadinala ...	Hosahudya
	2. Yellampalli Circle.	
32	Achepallikere ...	Gurraladinne, Neeragantipalli, Tenkayimakalapalli.
33	Chagerikunte ...	Gurraladinne
34	Agraharakere ...	Gollahalli
35	Aravanaranappakunte ...	Marinayanapalli
36	Rangammanakunte ...	Penamale
37	Oorumundinakere ...	Do
38	Gurrammanakere ...	Balareddipalli
39	Chowdasettikunte ...	Yellampalli
40	Sanjeevammanakere ...	Do Lagumuddepalli
41	Gowdanakere ...	Do
42	Saddiganakunte ...	Do
43	Oorumundinakere ...	Paddathumkepalli, Mallasandra
44	Karkoorkere ...	Karkoor, Hosakote, Srinivasapur
45	Chitravatichannel ...	Karkoor
46	Gowdanakere ...	Maddalakhane
47	Ammanakere ...	Do
48	Yerrakunte ...	Lagumuddepalli
49	Mangalavadiyanakere ...	Kammaravaripalli, Makireddipalli
50	do ...	Kodiballi, do
51	Pothalainakunte ...	Kammaravaripalli
52	Komatikunte ...	Makireddipalli
53	Oorumundinakere ...	Do
54	Kanagalakere ...	Chinnepalli
55	Kadirammanakere ...	Do
56	Motakapalli tank ...	Kodihalla Chinnepalli
57	Oorumundinakere ...	Yellampalli
58	Bajjalingiahnakere ...	Kadirenuagaripalli
	3. Gulur Circle.	
59	Doddakere ...	Gulur
60	Jakkalakunte ...	Do
61	Gowdanakere ...	Do
62	Payannanakunte ...	Do
63	Doddakere ...	Motakapalli
64	Jumbojikunte ...	Do
65	Oorumundinakere ...	M. Charlapalli
66	Muchinakunte ...	Do
67	Mangalamadgu voddu Kodihalla. ...	Do
68	Malakacharvakere ...	Malakacheruvu
69	Oorumundinakere ...	Jinajarlu
70	Do ...	Sadluvaripalli, Kannampalli
71	Do ...	Sadlupalli
72	Rachianakunte ...	Suddupalli
73	Vobainakunte ...	Do
74	Thuchaiyanakunte ...	Do
75	Devarkere ...	Marsalapalli
76	Ramapanditharakunte ...	Maddepalli
77	Doddakere ...	Do
78	Makamavarikunte ...	Do